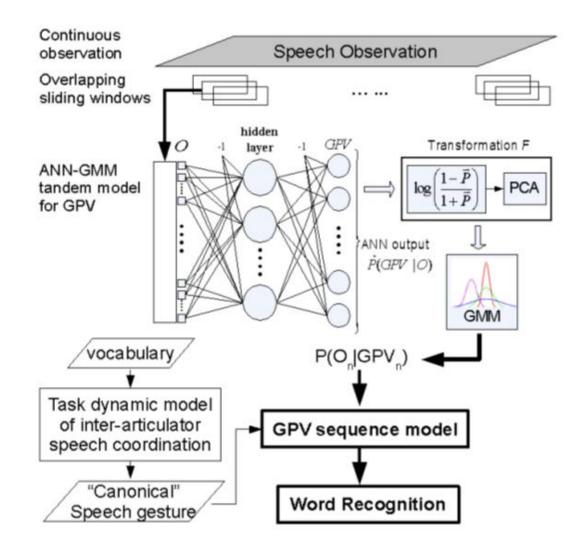
Articulatory Phonological Code for Speech Recognition FSM-based Word Classification FSM-based Gestural Score Variation

Chi Hu

OCT, 2009

GPV-based speech recognition





GPV-based speech recognition

The proposed framework leverages speech gesture as the invariant representation of human speech.

To classify words, we leverage finite state machines that encode the plausible gestural scores for each vocabulary word.

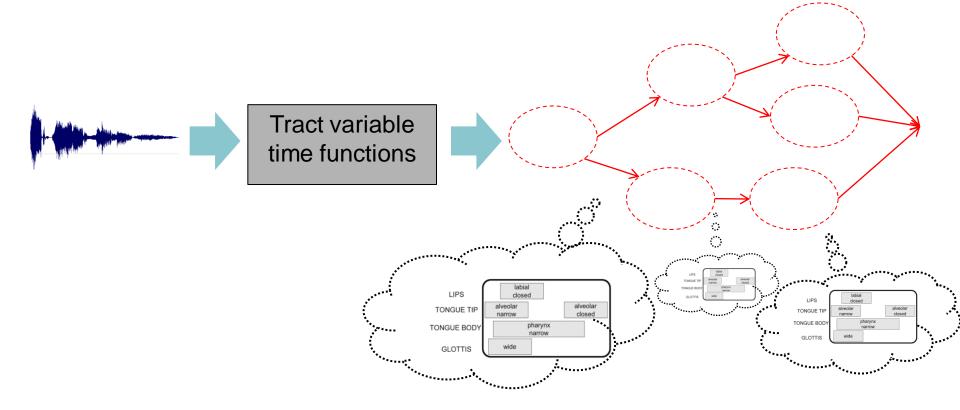
Each GPV sequence is also weighted by the likelihood for all the recognized individual GPVs involved.



GPV-based speech recognition

- GPV lattice / FSM a compact representation of possible gestural scores, given an utterance
- FSM-based word classification finding scores for each dictionary entry
- FSM-based gestural score variation inducing plausible gestural score variation from the canonical gestural score

GPV lattice / finite state automata



 a compact representation of possible gestural scores (GPV sequences), given an utterance

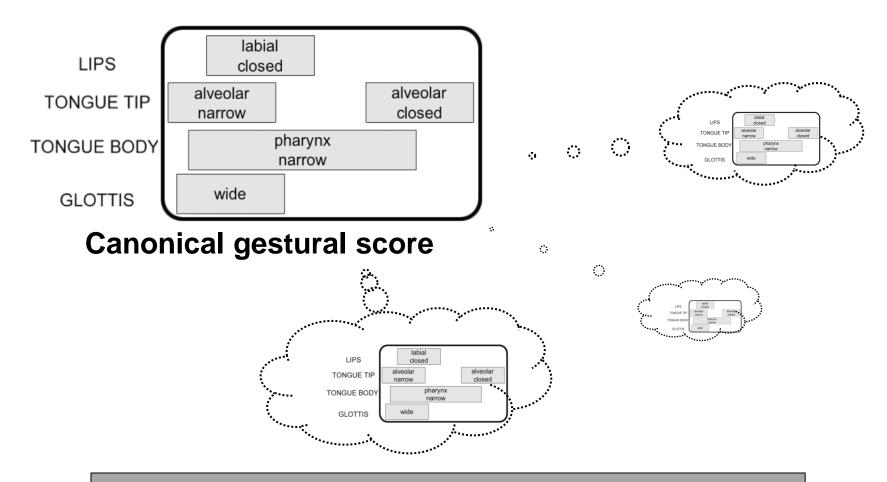
I



FSM-based word classification

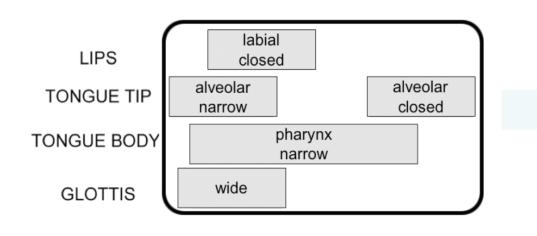
	WORD	SCORE
	 seven culmination need ingredients this dresses 	3.2 4.5 1.3
Pronunciation for "seven" Pronunciation for "need"	, on	

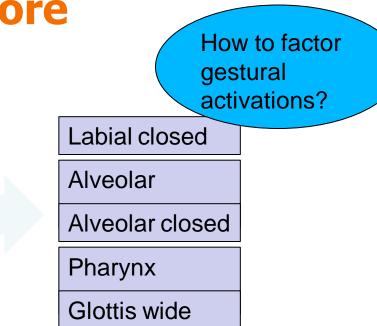
FSM-based gestural score variation



Plausible Variations Pronunciation for an utterance







Ensemble of gestural activations (together with start and end times)

• The alternative gestural scores should have the same ensemble of gestural activations, but with possibly shifted start/end times.

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FSM-based gestural score variation

• How to factor gestural activations

Target Value 2.61799387799149 1.74532925199433 1.65806278939461 1.74532925199433 0.0650000000000000 0.115000000000000 0.06000000000000000 0.100000000000000 0.200000000000000 0.400000000000000 0.977384381116825 0.977384381116825 0.418879020478639 0.977384381116825 0.418879020478639 0.0100000000000000 0.110000000000000 -0.0200000000000000 0.110000000000000

355.305758439217 2526.61872667888 355.305758439217 2526.61872667888 355.305758439217 2526.61872667888 631.654681669719 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888 2526.61872667888

Tract Variable Chart

I

Dim	TVs
1	LP
2	LA
3	TBCL
4	TBCD
6	VEL
7	GLO
8	TTCL
9	TTCD



Decoupling of TVs

- Observation
 - TBCL/TBCD, TTCL/TTCD ends at different time
 - E.g. 416 TADA words, 7457 activations, 146 decoupling TT gestures
 - Num(TBCD) > Num(TBCL)
 - 1213 Vs 1314
- Methods
 - Treat them as different activations to do the shifting
 - Bundle coupled activations and then do shifting in order to save computation complexity



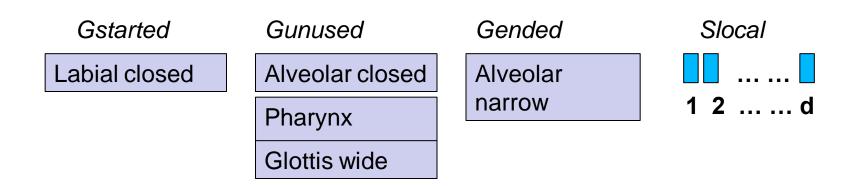
- Plausible gestural scores are "generated" according to changes of activation without actual time limitation
 - At each node
 - Allow only one change from the previous node
 - all possible combinations of instantaneous gestural activation targets/stiffnesses are proposed
 - a "plausibility" score is assigned to each combination
 - Given each one combination, move to the next node
- This should grow a 'tree'
 - each node defined by the "time" (depth of the tree) and gestural activations up to the current time
 - Prune the tree on the fly
 - one alternative gestural score at each leave

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- Prior knowledge
 - Canonical gestural score
 - constraints
 - Unused activation should be started
 - Started activation should be ended
 - Ended activation should not be started again
 - Linguistic rules
- What to keep track of ...
 - 'CurrentNode': decide the next action of growing according to previous node
 - `Gended: gestural activations that have ended
 - `*Gunused*': gestural activations that have not yet started
 - *Gstarted*: gestural activations that have started but not yet ended
 - `*Slocal*: Local `plausibility' costs up to current tree node







Recursive Function to Grow the Tree

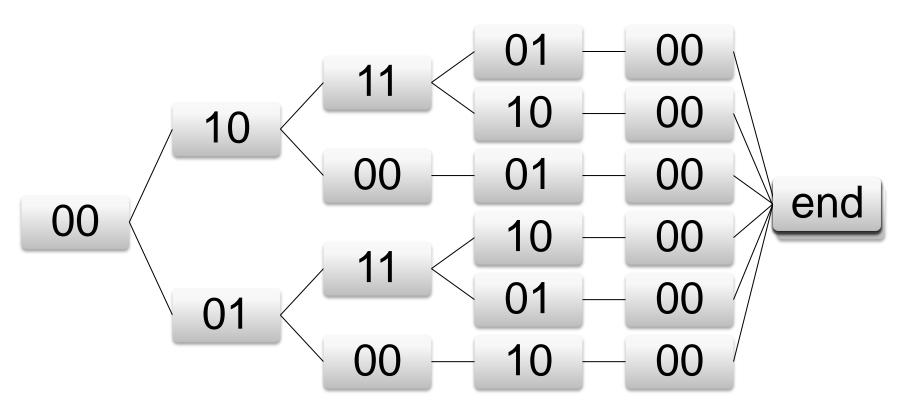
- Function FSMgrow(CurrentNode, Gstarted, Gunused, Gended, Slocal)
 - Ending condition:
 - (isempty(Gunused) && isempty(Gstarted))
 - Print out this valid path
 - Get the corresponding gesture score
 - Elseif (*Gended* doesn't contain all activations)
 - Invalid path
 - Else
 - continue
 - Identify all instantaneous gestural activation combinations
 - End activations in *Gstarted*
 - Start activation in *Gunused*
 - One action per node



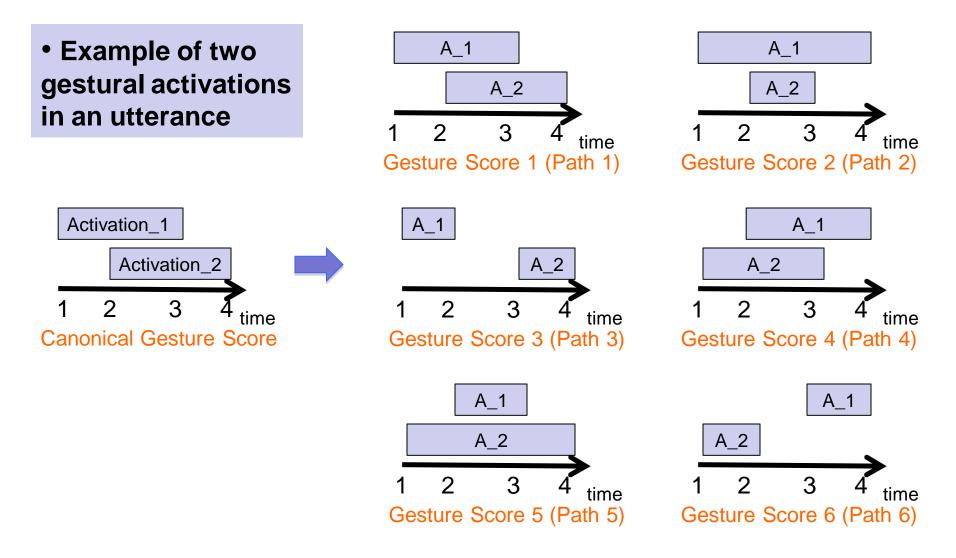
Recursive Function to Grow the Tree

- Function FSMgrow(CurrentNode, Gstarted, Gunused, Gended, Slocal)
 - For each combination
 - provide the 'plausibility' cost, update Slocal
 - Set a threshold C of *Slocal,* if >C, break
 - Update *CurrentNode, Gstarted, Gunused, Gended, Slocal*
 - **Call** *FnGrow(CurrentNode,Gstarted,Gunused,Gended,Slocal)*



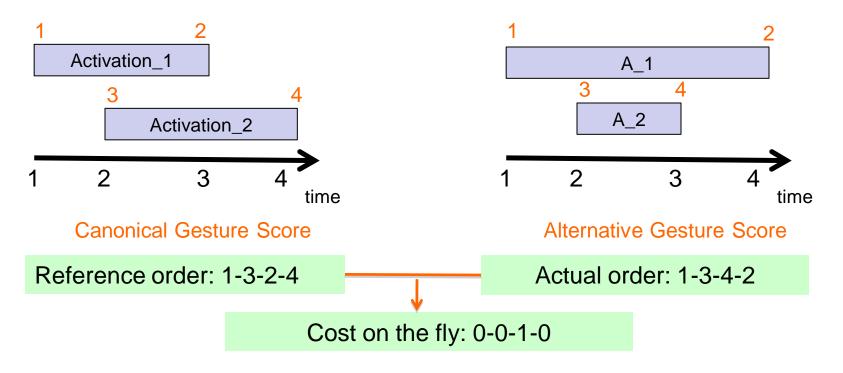


- Each path represents a possible gesture score of a given utterance
- Each node represents the combination of activations.
 E.g. 01 <=> activation 2



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- How to provide the 'plausibility' cost for the alternative gestural scores?
 - Favor gestural scores that:
 - Similar to canonical gestural score
 - Assign an edge sequence for every activation
 - Edge crossing number get cost





Following Steps

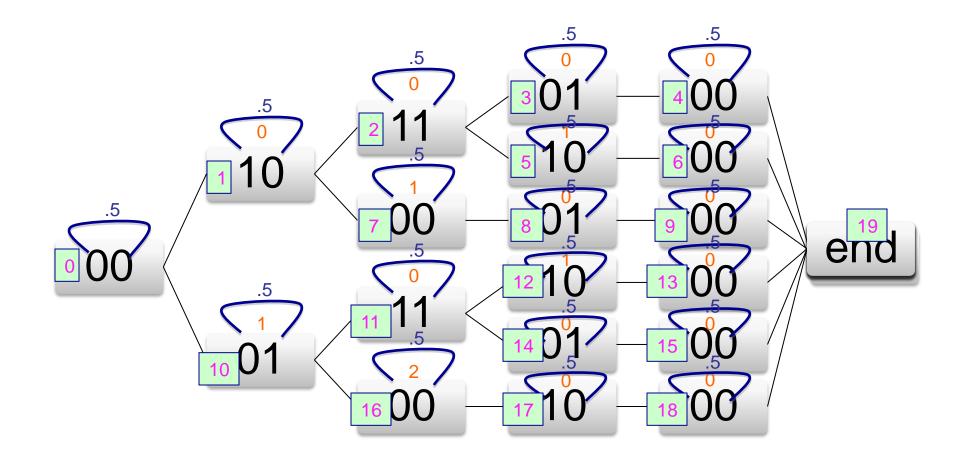
- Add on-the-fly costs on each node
- Add self-loop to each node
 - Add duration of each state
 - Assign them with uniform costs of value .5
- Discretizing gesture scores
 - Mapping each node with previous GPV types

e.g.	00	Class 0
	01	Class 3
	10	Class 1
	11	Class4

• Add state number on each node



Tree with Costs on Each Node





FSA Representation

Source State	Destination State	Arc Symbol Number	Arc Costs
0	0	class0	.5
0	1	class0	1
0	10	class0	0
1	1	class3	.5
1	2	class3	2
1	5	class3	0
2	2	class0	.5
2	3	class0	0
3	3	class1	.5
3	4	class1	0
4	4	class0	.5
4	19	class0	0
•••	•••	•••	•••
•••	•••	•••	•••
18	19	class0	0

19



Improvements & Discussion

- Rules/constraints for shifting
 - Allow more changes at each node
 - Phonological rules according to C-V & C-C relations
- Cost function (Simko & Cummins, 09 InterSpeech)

$$C = E + \omega_P P + \omega_D D \tag{1}$$

where E is a measure of articulatory effort, P is a measure of communicative efficacy, or parsing cost for the listener, and D is the overall utterance duration. The weights, ω_P and ω_D allow differential weighting of the cost components and are scaled so that the corresponding weight for the effort term, ω_E , has a value of one.

Computational optimization



The End

~Thank you~